

–CITE–

50 USC CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–MISC1–

Sec.

201 to 204. Repealed.

205. Suspension of commercial intercourse with State in
insurrection.

206. Suspension of commercial intercourse with part of
State in insurrection.

207. Persons affected by suspension of commercial
intercourse.

208. Licensing or permitting commercial intercourse with
State or region in insurrection.

209. Repealed.

210. Penalties for unauthorized trading, etc.; jurisdiction
of prosecutions.

211. Investigations to detect and prevent frauds and
abuses.

212. Confiscation of property employed to aid insurrection.

213. Jurisdiction of confiscation proceedings.

- 214. Repealed.
- 215. Institution of confiscation proceedings.
- 216. Preventing transportation of goods to aid insurrection.
- 217. Trading in captured or abandoned property.
- 218. Repealed.
- 219. Removal of customhouse and detention of vessels thereat.
- 220. Enforcement of section 219.
- 221. Closing ports of entry; forfeiture of vessels seeking to enter closed port.
- 222. Transferred.
- 223. Forfeiture of vessels owned by citizens of insurrectionary States.
- 224. Refusing clearance to vessels with suspected cargoes; forfeiture for departing without clearance.
- 225. Bond to deliver cargo at destination named in clearance.
- 226. Protection of liens on condemned vessels.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Secs. 201 to 204 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

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–HEAD–

Secs. 201 to 204. Repealed. Aug. 10, 1956, ch. 1041, Sec. 53, 70A

Stat. 641

–MISC1–

Section 201, R.S. Sec. 5297, provided for Federal aid for State Governments in case of an insurrection in any State. See section 331 of Title 10, Armed Forces.

Section 202, R.S. Sec. 5298, related to use of military and naval forces to enforce authority of Federal Government. See section 332 of Title 10.

Section 203, R.S. Sec. 5299, related to denial by State of equal protection of laws and authorized the President to take measures for the suppression of any insurrection, domestic violence, or combinations. See section 333 of Title 10.

Section 204, R.S. Sec. 5300, authorized the President to issue a proclamation commanding insurgents to disperse. See section 334 of Title 10.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 205 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 205. Suspension of commercial intercourse with State in insurrection

–STATUTE–

Whenever the President, in pursuance of the provisions of this chapter, has called forth the militia to suppress combinations against the laws of the United States, and to cause the laws to be duly executed, and the insurgents shall have failed to disperse by the time directed by the President, and when the insurgents claim to act under the authority of any State or States, and such claim is not disclaimed or repudiated by the persons exercising the functions of government in such State or States, or in the part or parts thereof in which such combination exists, and such insurrection is not suppressed by such State or States, or whenever the inhabitants of any State or part thereof are at any time found by the President to be in insurrection against the United States, the President may, by proclamation, declare that the inhabitants of such State, or of any section or part thereof where such insurrection exists, are in a state of insurrection against the United States; and thereupon all commercial intercourse by and between the same and the citizens thereof and the citizens of the rest of the United States shall cease and be unlawful so long as such condition of hostility shall continue; and all goods and chattels, wares and merchandise, coming from such State or section into the other parts of the United States, or proceeding from other parts of the United States to such State or section, by land or water, shall, together with the vessel or vehicle conveying the same, or conveying persons to or from such State or section, be forfeited to the United States.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5301.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5301 derived from acts July 13, 1861, ch. 3, Sec. 5, 12 Stat. 257; July 31, 1861, ch. 32, 12 Stat. 284.

–SECREP–

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in sections 206, 223 of this title.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 206 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 206. Suspension of commercial intercourse with part of State in insurrection

–STATUTE–

Whenever any part of a State not declared to be in insurrection is under the control of insurgents, or is in dangerous proximity to places under their control, all commercial intercourse therein and therewith shall be subject to the prohibitions and conditions of section 205 of this title for such time and to such extent as shall become necessary to protect the public interests, and be directed by the Secretary of the Treasury, with the approval of the President.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5302.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5302 derived from act July 2, 1864, ch. 225, Sec. 5, 13
Stat. 376.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 207 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 207. Persons affected by suspension of commercial intercourse

–STATUTE–

The provisions of this chapter in relation to commercial
intercourse shall apply to all commercial intercourse by and
between persons residing or being within districts within the lines
of national military occupation in the States or parts of States
declared in insurrection, whether with each other or with persons
residing or being within districts declared in insurrection and not
within those lines; and all persons within the United States, not
native or naturalized citizens thereof, shall be subject to the
same prohibitions, in all commercial intercourse with inhabitants
of States or parts of States declared in insurrection, as citizens
of States not declared to be in insurrection.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5303.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5303 derived from act July 2, 1864, ch. 225, Sec. 4, 13
Stat. 376.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 208 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 208. Licensing or permitting commercial intercourse with State
or region in insurrection

–STATUTE–

The President may, in his discretion, license and permit
commercial intercourse with any part of such State or section, the
inhabitants of which are so declared in a state of insurrection, so
far as may be necessary to authorize supplying the necessities of
loyal persons residing in insurrectionary States, within the lines
of actual occupation by the military forces of the United States,
as indicated by published order of the commanding general of the
department or district so occupied; and, also, so far as may be
necessary to authorize persons residing within such lines to bring
or send to market in the loyal States any products which they shall

have produced with their own labor or the labor of freedmen, or others employed and paid by them, pursuant to rules relating thereto, which may be established under proper authority. And no goods, wares, or merchandise shall be taken into a State declared in insurrection, or transported therein, except to and from such places and to such monthly amounts as shall have been previously agreed upon, in writing, by the commanding general of the department in which such places are situated, and an officer designated by the Secretary of the Treasury for that purpose. Such commercial intercourse shall be in such articles and for such time and by such persons as the President, in his discretion, may think most conducive to the public interest; and, so far as by him licensed, shall be conducted and carried on only in pursuance of rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5304.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5304 derived from acts July 13, 1861, ch. 3, Sec. 5, 12 Stat. 257; July 2, 1864, ch. 225, Sec. 9, 13 Stat. 377.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 209 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 209. Repealed. Pub. L. 89–554, Sec. 8(a), Sept. 6, 1966, 80
Stat. 632

–MISC1–

Section, R.S. Sec. 5305, related to appointment of officers to
carry into effect licenses to trade in State or region in an
insurrection.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 210 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 210. Penalties for unauthorized trading, etc.; jurisdiction of
prosecutions

–STATUTE–

Every officer of the United States, civil, military, or naval,
and every sutler, soldier, marine, or other person, who takes, or
causes to be taken into a State declared to be in insurrection, or
to any other point to be thence taken into such State, or who
transports or sells, or otherwise disposes of therein, any goods,
wares, or merchandise whatsoever, except in pursuance of license
and authority of the President, as provided in this chapter, or who
makes any false statement or representation upon which license and
authority is granted for such transportation, sale, or other

disposition, or who, under any license or authority obtained, willfully and knowingly transports, sells, or otherwise disposes of any other goods, wares, or merchandise than such as are in good faith so licensed and authorized, or who willfully and knowingly transports, sells, or disposes of the same, or any portion thereof, in violation of the terms of such license or authority, or of any rule or regulation prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury concerning the same, or who is guilty of any act of embezzlement, of willful misappropriation of public or private money or property, of keeping false accounts, or of willfully making any false returns, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined not more than \$5,000, and imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than three years. Violations of this section shall be cognizable before any court, civil or military, competent to try the same.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5306.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5306 derived from act July 2, 1864, ch. 225, Sec. 10, 13 Stat. 377.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 211 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 211. Investigations to detect and prevent frauds and abuses

–STATUTE–

It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, from time to time, to institute such investigations as may be necessary to detect and prevent frauds and abuses in any trade or transactions which may be licensed between inhabitants of loyal States and of States in insurrection. And the agents making such investigations shall have power to compel the attendance of witnesses, and to make examinations on oath.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5307.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5307 derived from act July 2, 1864, ch. 225, Sec. 10,

13 Stat. 377.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 212 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 212. Confiscation of property employed to aid insurrection

–STATUTE–

Whenever during any insurrection against the Government of the United States, after the President shall have declared by proclamation that the laws of the United States are opposed, and the execution thereof obstructed, by combinations too powerful to be suppressed by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, or by the power vested in the marshals by law, any person, or his agent, attorney, or employee, purchases or acquires, sells or gives, any property of whatsoever kind or description, with intent to use or employ the same, or suffers the same to be used or employed in aiding, abetting, or promoting such insurrection or resistance to the laws, or any person engaged therein; or being the owner of any such property, knowingly uses or employs, or consents to such use or employment of the same, all such property shall be lawful subject of prize and capture wherever found; and it shall be the duty of the President to cause the same to be seized, confiscated, and condemned.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5308.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5308 derived from act Aug. 6, 1861, ch. 60, Sec. 1, 12 Stat. 319.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 213 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 213. Jurisdiction of confiscation proceedings

–STATUTE–

Such prizes and capture shall be condemned in the district court of the United States having jurisdiction of the amount, or in admiralty in any district in which the same may be seized, or into which they may be taken and proceedings first instituted.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5309; Feb. 27, 1877, ch. 69, Sec. 1, 19 Stat. 253; Mar. 3, 1911, ch. 231, Sec. 291, 36 Stat. 1167.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5309 derived derived from act Aug. 6, 1861, ch. 60, Sec. 2, 12 Stat. 319.

Act Mar. 3, 1911, conferred the powers and duties of the former circuit courts upon the district courts.

–MISC1–

AMENDMENTS

1877 – Act Feb. 27, 1877, inserted "may" after "any district in which the same".

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 214 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 214. Repealed. Aug. 10, 1956, ch. 1041, Sec. 53, 70A Stat. 641

–MISC1–

Section, R.S. Sec. 5310, provided that property taken on inland waters of the United States was not a maritime prize. See section 7651 of Title 10, Armed Forces.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 215 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 215. Institution of confiscation proceedings

–STATUTE–

The Attorney General, or the United States attorney for any judicial district in which such property may at the time be, may institute the proceedings of condemnation, and in such case they shall be wholly for the benefit of the United States; or any person may file an information with such attorney, in which case the proceedings shall be for the use of such informer and the United States in equal parts.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5311; June 25, 1948, ch. 646, Sec. 1, 62 Stat. 909.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5311 derived from act Aug. 6, 1861, ch. 60, Sec. 3, 12 Stat. 319.

–CHANGE–

CHANGE OF NAME

Act June 25, 1948, eff. Sept. 1, 1948, substituted "United States attorney" for "attorney of the United States". See section 541 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure, and Historical and Revision Notes thereunder.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 216 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 216. Preventing transportation of goods to aid insurrection

–STATUTE–

The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to prohibit and prevent the transportation in any vessel, or upon any railroad, turnpike, or other road or means of transportation within the United States, of any property, whatever may be the ostensible destination of the same, in all cases where there are satisfactory reasons to believe that such property is intended for any place in the possession or under the control of insurgents against the

United States, or that there is imminent danger that such property will fall into the possession or under the control of such insurgents; and he is further authorized, in all cases where he deems it expedient so to do, to require reasonable security to be given that property shall not be transported to any place under insurrectionary control, and shall not, in any way, be used to give aid or comfort to such insurgents; and he may establish all such general or special regulations as may be necessary or proper to carry into effect the purposes of this section; and if any property is transported in violation of this chapter, or of any regulation of the Secretary of the Treasury, established in pursuance thereof, or if any attempt shall be made so to transport any, it shall be forfeited.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5312.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5312 derived from act May 20, 1862, ch. 81, Sec. 3, 12 Stat. 404.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 217 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 217. Trading in captured or abandoned property

–STATUTE–

All persons in the military or naval service of the United States are prohibited from buying or selling, trading, or in any way dealing in captured or abandoned property, whereby they shall receive or expect any profit, benefit, or advantage to themselves, or any other person, directly or indirectly connected with them; and it shall be the duty of such person whenever such property comes into his possession or custody, or within his control, to give notice thereof to some agent, appointed by virtue of this chapter, and to turn the same over to such agent without delay. Any officer of the United States, civil, military, or naval, or any sutler, soldier, or marine, or other person who shall violate any provision of this section, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined not more than \$5,000, and imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than three years. Violations of this section shall be cognizable before any court, civil or military, competent to try the same.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5313.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5313 derived from act July 2, 1864, ch. 225, Sec. 10, 13 Stat. 377.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 218 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 218. Repealed. Pub. L. 89–554, Sec. 8(a), Sept. 6, 1966, 80

Stat. 632

–MISC1–

Section, R.S. Sec. 5314; act Mar. 2, 1929, ch. 510, Sec. 1, 45

Stat. 1496, related to authority of President in collection of

duties to change ports of entry in case of insurrection.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 219 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 219. Removal of customhouse and detention of vessels thereat

–STATUTE–

Whenever, at any port of entry, the duties on imports cannot, in the judgment of the President, be collected in the ordinary way, or by the course provided in section 218 (!1) of this title, by reason of the cause mentioned in said section, he may direct that the customhouse for the district be established in any secure place within the district, either on land or on board any vessel in the

district, or at sea near the coast; and in such case the collector shall reside at such place, or on shipboard, as the case may be, and there detain all vessels and cargoes arriving within or approaching the district, until the duties imposed by law on such vessels and their cargoes are paid in cash. But if the owner or consignee of the cargo on board any vessel thus detained, or the master of the vessel, desires to enter a port of entry in any other district where no such obstructions to the execution of the laws exist, the master may be permitted so to change the destination of the vessel and cargo in his manifest; whereupon the collector shall deliver him a written permit to proceed to the port so designated. And the Secretary of the Treasury, with the approval of the President, shall make proper regulations for the enforcement on shipboard of such provisions of the laws regulating the assessment and collection of duties as in his judgment may be necessary and practicable.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5315.)

–REFTEXT–

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 218 of this title, referred to in text, was repealed by Pub. L. 89–554, Sec. 8(a), Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 632.

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5315 derived from acts July 13, 1861, ch. 3, Sec. 2, 12 Stat. 256; Mar. 3, 1875, ch. 136, Sec. 2, 18 Stat. 469.

–TRANS–

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

All offices of collector of customs, comptroller of customs, surveyor of customs, and appraiser of merchandise of the Bureau of Customs of Department of the Treasury to which appointments were required to be made by President with advice and consent of Senate ordered abolished, with such offices to be terminated not later than Dec. 31, 1966, by Reorg. Plan No. 1, of 1965, eff. May 25, 1965, 30 F.R. 7035, 79 Stat. 1317, set out in the Appendix to Title 5, Government Organization and Employees. All functions of offices eliminated were already vested in Secretary of the Treasury by Reorg. Plan No. 26 of 1950, eff. July 31, 1950, 15 F.R. 4935, 64 Stat. 1280, set out in the Appendix to Title 5.

–SECREf–

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in sections 220, 221 of this title.

–FOOTNOTE–

(1) See References in Text note below.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 220 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 220. Enforcement of section 219

–STATUTE–

It shall be unlawful to take any vessel or cargo detained under section 219 of this title from the custody of the proper officers of the customs, unless by process of some court of the United States; and in case of any attempt otherwise to take such vessel or cargo by any force, or combination, or assemblage of persons, too great to be overcome by the officers of the customs, the President, or such person as he shall have empowered for that purpose, may employ such part of the Army or Navy or militia of the United States, or such force of citizen volunteers as may be necessary, to prevent the removal of such vessel or cargo, and to protect the officers of the customs in retaining the custody thereof.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5316.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5316 derived from act July 12, 1861, ch. 3, Sec. 3, 12 Stat. 256.

–TRANS–

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

All offices of collector of customs, comptroller of customs, surveyor of customs, and appraiser of merchandise of Bureau of Customs of Department of the Treasury to which appointments were required to be made by President with advice and consent of Senate ordered abolished, with such offices to be terminated not later than Dec. 31, 1966, by Reorg. Plan No. 1, of 1965, eff. May 25,

1965, 30 F.R. 7035, 79 Stat. 1317, set out in the Appendix to Title 5, Government Organization and Employees. All functions of offices eliminated were already vested in Secretary of the Treasury by Reorg. Plan No. 26 of 1950, eff. July 31, 1950, 15 F.R. 4935, 64 Stat. 1280, set out in the Appendix to Title 5.

–SECRET–

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in section 221 of this title.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 221 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 221. Closing ports of entry; forfeiture of vessels seeking to enter closed port

–STATUTE–

Whenever, in any collection district, the duties on imports can not, in the judgment of the President, be collected in the ordinary way, nor in the manner provided by sections 218 (!1) to 220 of this title, by reason of the cause mentioned in section 218 of this title, the President may close the port of entry in that district; and shall in such case give notice thereof by proclamation. And thereupon all right of importation, warehousing, and other privileges incident to ports of entry shall cease and be

discontinued at such port so closed until it is opened by the order of the President on the cessation of such obstructions. Every vessel from beyond the United States, or having on board any merchandise liable to duty, which attempts to enter any port which has been closed under this section, shall, with her tackle, apparel, furniture, and cargo, be forfeited.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5317.)

–REFTEXT–

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 218 of this title, referred to in text, was repealed by Pub. L. 89–554, Sec. 8(a), Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 632.

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5317 derived from act July 12, 1861, ch. 3, Sec. 4, 12 Stat. 256.

–TRANS–

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

All offices of collector of customs, comptroller of customs, surveyor of customs, and appraiser of merchandise of Bureau of Customs of Department of the Treasury to which appointments were required to be made by President with advice and consent of Senate ordered abolished, with such offices to be terminated not later than Dec. 31, 1966, by Reorg. Plan No. 1, of 1965, eff. May 25, 1965, 30 F.R. 7035, 79 Stat. 1317, set out in the Appendix to Title 5, Government Organization and Employees. All functions of offices

eliminated were already vested in Secretary of the Treasury by
Reorg. Plan No. 26 of 1950, eff. July 31, 1950, 15 F.R. 4935, 64
Stat. 1280, set out in the Appendix to Title 5.

–FOOTNOTE–

(1) See References in Text note below.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 222 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 222. Transferred

–COD–

CODIFICATION

Section, R.S. Sec. 5318; act Jan. 28, 1915, ch. 20, Sec. 1, 38

Stat. 800, related to use of auxiliary vessels to enforce this
chapter and was transferred to section 540 of Title 19, Customs
Duties.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 223 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 223. Forfeiture of vessels owned by citizens of

insurrectionary States

–STATUTE–

From and after fifteen days after the issuing of the proclamation, as provided in section 205 of this title, any vessel belonging in whole or in part to any citizen or inhabitant of such State or part of a State whose inhabitants are so declared in a state of insurrection, found at sea, or in any port of the rest of the United States, shall be forfeited.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5319.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5319 derived from act July 12, 1861, ch. 3, Sec. 7, 12 Stat. 257.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 224 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 224. Refusing clearance to vessels with suspected cargoes; forfeiture for departing without clearance

–STATUTE–

The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to refuse a clearance

to any vessel or other vehicle laden with merchandise, destined for a foreign or domestic port, whenever he shall have satisfactory reason to believe that such merchandise, or any part thereof, whatever may be its ostensible destination, is intended for ports in possession or under control of insurgents against the United States; and if any vessel for which a clearance or permit has been refused by the Secretary of the Treasury, or by his order, shall depart or attempt to depart for a foreign or domestic port without being duly cleared or permitted, such vessel, with her tackle, apparel, furniture, and cargo, shall be forfeited.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5320.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5320 derived from act May 20, 1862, ch. 81, Sec. 1, 12 Stat. 404.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 225 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 225. Bond to deliver cargo at destination named in clearance

–STATUTE–

Whenever a permit or clearance is granted for either a foreign or

domestic port, it shall be lawful for the collector of the customs granting the same, if he deems it necessary, under the circumstances of the case, to require a bond to be executed by the master or the owner of the vessel, in a penalty equal to the value of the cargo, and with sureties to the satisfaction of such collector, that the cargo shall be delivered at the destination for which it is cleared or permitted, and that no part thereof shall be used in affording aid or comfort to any person or parties in insurrection against the authority of the United States.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5321.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5321 derived from act May 20, 1862, ch. 81, Sec. 2, 12 Stat. 404.

–TRANS–

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

All offices of collector of customs, comptroller of customs, surveyor of customs, and appraiser of merchandise of Bureau of Customs of Department of the Treasury to which appointments were required to be made by President with advice and consent of Senate ordered abolished, with such offices to be terminated not later than December 31, 1966, by Reorg. Plan No. 1, of 1965, eff. May 25, 1965, 30 F.R. 7035, 79 Stat. 1317, set out in the Appendix to Title 5, Government Organization and Employees. All functions of offices eliminated were already vested in Secretary of the Treasury by

Reorg. Plan No. 26 of 1950, eff. July 31, 1950, 15 F.R. 4935, 64

Stat. 1280, set out in the Appendix to Title 5.

–End–

–CITE–

50 USC Sec. 226 01/06/03

–EXPCITE–

TITLE 50 – WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

CHAPTER 13 – INSURRECTION

–HEAD–

Sec. 226. Protection of liens on condemned vessels

–STATUTE–

In all cases wherein any vessel, or other property, is condemned in any proceeding by virtue of any laws relating to insurrection or rebellion, the court rendering judgment of condemnation shall, notwithstanding such condemnation, and before awarding such vessel, or other property, or the proceeds thereof, to the United States, or to any informer, first provide for the payment, out of the proceeds of such vessel, or other property, of any bona fide claims which shall be filed by any loyal citizen of the United States, or of any foreign state or power at peace and amity with the United States, intervening in such proceeding, and which shall be duly established by evidence, as a valid claim against such vessel, or other property, under the laws of the United States or of any State thereof not declared to be in insurrection. No such claim shall be allowed in any case where the claimant has knowingly participated in the illegal use of such ship, vessel, or other property. This

section shall extend to such claims only as might have been enforced specifically against such vessel, or other property, in any State not declared to be in insurrection, wherein such claim arose.

–SOURCE–

(R.S. Sec. 5322.)

–COD–

CODIFICATION

R.S. Sec. 5322 derived from act Mar. 3, 1863, ch. 90, 12 Stat.

762.

–End–